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2 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
3 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
4 OAKLAND DIVISION

5 DONNA BLALOCK; JAMES BLALOCK;
6 WENDELL BROWN; DENNIS GODWIN;
7 JAMES HANCOCK; SHIRLEY HANCOCK;
8 THOMAS JAMES; MARY JAMES; TERRY
9 KEIBLER; RITA KEYS; DAN KEYS;
WILLIAM LINDSEY; LISA LINDSEY;
BRIAN LOBB; JAMES LOVELL;
EDWARD MOORE; and JULIUS RIDDICK,

10 Plaintiffs,

11 vs.

12 DEPUY ORTHOPAEDICS, INC.; THOMAS
13 P. SCHMALZRIED, M.D., P.C.; and DOES
1-20,

14 Defendants.

Case No: C 11-04746 SBA

**ORDER GRANTING
DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR
STAY AND DENYING
PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO
REMAND**

Dkt. 5, 24

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16 Plaintiffs Donna Blalock, James Blalock, Wendell Brown, Dennis Godwin, James
17 Hancock, Shirley Hancock, Thomas James, Mary James, Terry Keibler, Rita Keys, Dan
18 Keys, William Lindsey, Lisa Lindsey, Brian Lobb, James Lovell, Edward Moore and Julius
19 Riddick (collectively "Plaintiffs") bring the instant products liability action against DePuy
20 Orthopaedics, Inc. ("DePuy") and Thomas P. Schmalzried, M.D., a professional
21 corporation ("Schmalzried"). The parties are presently before the Court on: (1) DePuy's
22 Motion for Stay, Dkt. 5, and (2) Plaintiffs' Motion to Remand, Dkt. 24. Having read and
23 considered the papers filed in connection with this matter, and being fully informed, the
24 Court hereby GRANTS Defendant's Motion for Stay and DENIES Plaintiffs' Motion to
25 Remand. The Court, in its discretion, finds these matters suitable for resolution without
26 oral argument. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 78(b); Civ. L.R. 7-1(b).

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1 **I. BACKGROUND**

2 On August 24, 2011, Plaintiffs filed a Complaint in the San Francisco County
3 Superior Court alleging that they suffered personal injuries as a result of Pinnacle
4 Acetabular Cup System implants manufactured and sold by DePuy. Notice of Removal
5 ¶¶ 1-2, Dkt. 1, Ex. 4, Complaint. Depuy removed the action on September 22, 2011, on the
6 basis of diversity jurisdiction. Id. ¶ 5. Although two of the Plaintiffs and Schmalzried are
7 not diverse, Depuy alleged that Schmalzried was fraudulently joined and that his
8 citizenship should therefore be disregarded for purposes of removal jurisdiction.

9 Prior the commencement of this lawsuit, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict
10 Litigation (“the MDL Panel”) established MDL No. 2244 to coordinate federal actions
11 sharing “factual questions as to whether DePuy’s Pinnacle Acetabular Cup System, a
12 device used in hip replacement surgery, was defectively designed and/or manufactured, and
13 whether defendants failed to provide adequate warnings concerning the device.” In re
14 DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., Pinnacle Hip Implant Prods. Liab. Litig., 787 F. Supp. 2d 1358,
15 1360 (J.P.M.L. 2011).¹ On September 27, 2011, DePuy moved to stay all proceedings in
16 this action “pending its likely transfer” to the designated MDL court. The MDL panel
17 issued a Conditional Transfer Order identifying this case as a tag along action on October
18 11, 2011.

19 Plaintiffs have filed an opposition to Depuy’s motion to stay and separately filed a
20 motion to remand. In their motion, Plaintiffs dispute Depuy’s allegations of fraudulent
21 joinder, and argue that removal jurisdiction is a preliminary matter that should be
22 adjudicated by this Court. Depuy, however, contends that the issue of whether Schmalzried
23 was fraudulently joined will be resolved in the MDL proceeding, and that the Court should
24 therefore decline to resolve the issue in this action.

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28 ¹ MDL No. 2244 is pending before the Honorable James E. Kinkeade of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas.

1 **II. LEGAL STANDARD**

2 “[T]he power to stay proceedings is incidental to the power inherent in every court
3 to control the disposition of the causes on its docket with economy of time and effort for
4 itself, for counsel, and for litigants.” Landis v. N. Am. Co., 299 U.S. 248, 254 (1936). In
5 MDL cases, the Court is not required to stay an action pending a transfer order by the MDL
6 Panel. J.P.M.L., R. 2.1(d), 28 U.S.C. foll. § 1407. Rather, the decision to grant a stay is
7 within the district court’s discretion. See In re iPhone App. Litig., No. C 10-5878 LHK,
8 2011 WL 2149102, at *2 (N.D. Cal. May 31, 2011). In determining whether to stay
9 proceedings, the district court should consider three factors: (1) conserving judicial
10 resources and avoiding duplicative litigation; (2) hardship and inequity to the moving party
11 if the action is not stayed; and (3) potential prejudice to the non-moving party if the action
12 is stayed. Id. at *2; see also Rivers v. Walt Disney Co., 980 F. Supp. 1358, 1360 (C.D. Cal.
13 1997).

14 **III. DISCUSSION**

15 **A. Judicial Economy**

16 A stay is generally granted pending transfer when it would avoid the needless
17 duplication of work and the possibility of inconsistent rulings. See Rivers, 980 F. Supp. at
18 1360-1361. Deference to the MDL Panel is especially appropriate where the remand
19 motion “raises issues likely to arise in other actions pending the in the MDL transferee
20 court.” Conroy v. Fresh Del Monte Produce, Inc., 325 F. Supp. 2d 1049, 1053 (N.D. Cal.
21 2004); Nielson v. Merck & Co., No. C 07-0076 MJJ, 2007 WL 806510, at *2 (N.D. Cal.
22 Mar. 15, 2007) (granting motion to stay to allow the MDL to consider similar motions to
23 remand filed in other MDL cases).

24 Here, the Court finds that the interests of judicial economy and avoiding inconsistent
25 rulings favor staying the instant action to permit the MDL to resolve the issue of whether
26 Schmalzried is a fraudulently joined defendant. To date, over 200 cases involving DePuy
27 and the Pinnacle Cup System have been transferred to MDL No. 2244, and at least 36 cases
28 have been stayed by district courts pending transfer. Mot. to Stay at 3. Schmalzried is a

1 named defendant in seventeen of the cases that have been transferred to MDL No. 2244,
2 and Judge Kinkeade has set a briefing schedule on a remand motion in at least one of those
3 cases, Greenberg v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc. See Reply at 4, Ex. 5, Electronic Order
4 Setting Deadlines. As such, it is apparent that Plaintiffs' remand motion "raises issues
5 likely to arise in other actions pending the in the MDL transferee court." Conroy, 325 F.
6 Supp. 2d at 1053. Notably, other district courts in California considering the issue of
7 Schmalzried's fraudulent joinder have chosen to impose a stay and allow the remand issue
8 to be resolved in the MDL proceeding. See Freisthler v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., No. CV
9 11-6580 DSF, 2011 WL 4469532, at *1 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 21, 2011); Nichols v. DePuy
10 Orthopaedics, Inc., No. C 11-4748 JW, 2011 WL 5335619, at *1 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 2, 2011);
11 Lingle v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., No. 11cvl486 L(MDD), 2011 WL 5600539, at *1
12 (S.D. Cal. Nov. 17, 2011).²

13 **B. Hardship and Prejudice**

14 The remaining two factors germane to a stay request also weigh in favor of staying
15 the action. Plaintiffs do not specifically allege that they will be prejudiced or suffer any
16 particular hardship from a stay pending resolution on the transfer. In addition, since the
17 MDL Panel has issued a Conditional Transfer Order, any delay and corresponding
18 prejudice in resolving the remand issue will be minimal. In contrast, the potential burden
19 of engaging in duplicative litigation weighs heavily in favor of staying these proceedings
20 pending MDL transfer. See Barnes v. Equinox Group, Inc., C 10-03586 LB, 2010 WL
21 5479624, at *3 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 30, 2010); Nielson, 2007 WL 806510, at *2 ("absent a stay,
22 [defendant] would suffer prejudice from being forced to litigate the same jurisdictional
23 issues in multiple forums"). Accordingly, the Court finds that the potential hardship to
24 DePuy from proceeding with the action outweighs the potential prejudice to Plaintiffs
25 resulting from a stay.

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27 ² Plaintiffs cite this Court's decision in Conroy as support for their contention that
28 preliminary scrutiny should be given to their motion to remand. Opp'n at 3. Unlike the
present action, however, Conroy did not involve a situation where the jurisdictional issues
presented were identical to those being raised in the MDL. Thus, Conroy is inapposite.

1 **IV. CONCLUSION**

2 For the reasons stated above,

3 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

4 1. DePuy's Motion for Stay is GRANTED. All proceedings in this action are
5 STAYED and all current deadlines are VACATED pending transfer of the action to MDL
6 No. 2244.

7 2. Plaintiffs' Motion to Remand is DENIED without prejudice.

8 3. This Order terminates Dockets 5 and 24.

9 IT IS SO ORDERED.

10 Dated: December 13, 2011


11 SAUNDRA BROWN ARMSTRONG
12 United States District Judge
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